

Bow Island Review

THE FARMERS' HOME PAPER

LS

Circulating in the Districts of:- Pleasant View,
Seven Persons, Whitla, Winnifred, Bow Island, Grassy Lake, Foremost and Maleb.

ELEVENTH YEAR

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 4, 1921

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 A YEAR



A New Shipment of Neilson's Chocolates
Prices from 75c. to 80c. per lb.

A Big Assortment to choose from.

**A. E. BROWNING
BAKER**

MAIN STREET --- BOW ISLAND

BOOT AND SHOE AND HARNESS REPAIRING

For Best Work and Lowest Prices

TRY

**A. W. CHANDLER
"The Veteran" SHOE REPAIR**

Main Street Bow Island

(Opposite G.W.V.A. Club)

CASH ONLY

Canadian Rockies Abound In Legendary Lore



The countless peaks that cover the vast stretches of western Canada are wrapped in Indian legends as well as clouds of snow. Many of these are locally familiar, some are widely known, but a rich field awaits the delver into the Indian lore concerning this region. Far hangs another Canadian woman with a strain of Indian blood in her veins will do for the Canadian Rockies what Pauline Hanson did for Vancouver by collecting the Blawie legends.

Blawie and his avian are particularly rich in legendary atmosphere. It is safe to say that ninety per cent of the thousands who stop at Blawie annually enjoy a best ride across Lake Minnewanka, a beautiful sheet of water rimmed in by forbidding mountains. The Indians had many legends concerning this lake, the most popular being on its name, which means Spirit Waters. The legend runs that an Indian chief was crossing the lake in a canoe when an evil spirit arose from the waters, wrecked the frail craft and carried the chief down into the depths of the lake from which the body never rose again. Firm belief in the story caused the Indians to avoid the lake, but white men laugh at the tale and find the waters attractive for boating, fishing and camping.

Lake Minnewanka is some 11 miles long and between two and three miles wide. A comfortable launch makes the 25-mile trip regularly. At the southern end a step is made to allow passengers to inspect the scenic marvels, one of which is a gigantic "Kookee", which rises like a monument from the bank of a rushing torrent, and looks a belated rock upon the lake.

Nearby is an excellent camping site and another is on the north shore opposite the entrance to Aylmer's Canyon, from which it is comparatively easy to descend to 1,245 feet Mt. Aylmer.

Legend of great sea monster Minnewanka and prove a magnet sufficient to convince boaters of any superstitious fears. It is said that the monster, as attested by the numbers who sleep at the Chert beside the lake.

CLARION CALLS OF HUMANITY

Which the Review Feels for:

Remember
"Red Poppy Day"
November 11th, 1921
"Even From the Tomb
The Voice of Nature Cries"
Our Fallen Heroes
Our Illustrious Dead
"Their Name Liveth
For Evermore"

As each successive anniversary of Armistice Day has passed, the sentiments have been expressed among the people of the Allied Nations that there should be some tangible evidence of the reverence in their hearts for the heroic dead who made peace possible. The children of the devastated areas of France gave the nucleus of an idea which is rapidly gaining recognition, when they gathered the red poppies which grew in profusion in Flanders and Northern France, and decorated the graves of the fallen heroes near their homes. The suggestion from childish hands was seized upon by the French Children's League, which has been endeavoring to formulate plans in order to provide for the thousands of orphan children in their country. They placed the women and children of the war area at work making silk replicas of the poppy, with the idea in mind that they could be sold and the proceeds devoted to this pressing need.

The local branch of the G.W.V.A. is getting a supply of small and large Red Poppies also will take orders for Wreaths and Crosses formed of Red Poppies. On Armistice Day every

(continued on middle page)

Remember
Our Blind Babies
An Appeal
"Suffer Little Children to
Come unto Me and Forbid
them not, for of such is the
Kingdom of Heaven"
"And He took them up
in His Arms and Blessed
them"

A few weeks ago I came across in the London Spectator an appeal by Sir Arthur Pearson, in behalf of a specially helpless class of the community, in which he says:-
"At Sunshine House, Chislehurst, we have 25 babies who are being taught to be little normal human beings so far as that is possible, from the earliest days until the age of five, when they are transferred to the residential Schools for the Blind. There are enough poor blind babies in the Kingdom to fill six Sunshine Houses, and I want money to enable me to start the other five."

From this it would appear that in England there is room and need for like homes for blind babies and only one in existence. But here, in this favored Canada, nothing has heretofore been done in this direction, except a movement commenced last year by the late Mr. T. H. Churchhill, of Toronto, who, after collecting between one and two thousand dollars, specially deposited in a bank to the credit of the fund asked me to aid him in raising a sufficient sum to purchase premises for the proposed home. Having warm sympathy with Mr. Churchhill's praiseworthy enterprise, I promised to give him the necessary assistance, but circumstances prevented an undertaking the work until the present time and meanwhile death suddenly removed Mr. Churchhill. Now, in order that the money collected may be utilized for the purpose for which it was subscribed, a Charter (without stock subscription) is being secured so that, the incorporated company can legally and properly lay claim to the money in the bank, and proceed to carry out the objects for which the Charter is sought, viz:-

"To provide a refuge for Baby and Infant Blind, to save the lives of even a few of the many of such unfortunate who, for lack of such service, perish every year; and to return these little ones to their parents at school ages, with normal healthy bodies and sound minds."

"Mourning in Sanson Corpora"
Such in brief, is the task before the promoters. Money is urgently required to carry it to successful completion. Canadians have never been known to turn their backs on any deserving cause, claiming their aid, and surely this appeal will meet with a generous response. Help now, without waiting to be called upon by a collector, so that the close of the year may see "The Blind Babies' Home, Nursery and Kindergarten" in successful operation in the Capital City of Canada. Cheques may be made payable to "Canadian Blind Babies' Home." All remittances will be promptly acknowledged.

C. Blackett Robinson,
188 Dufferin Road, Ottawa.

BOW ISLAND

All interested in spending peace in the world are invited to meet in the United Church on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and join with others in prayer to God to bless and direct the Conference on Disarmament which meets in Washington, D.C. on Armistice Day

We Can Do That Printing Order for YOU

To
**Your Satisfaction
and
Combine Neatness
with
Reasonable Prices**

BOW ISLAND REVIEW

Opposite Skating Rink--Broadway Ave.

TAX SALE

Sale of Lands in the Municipal District of Bow Island No. 94 for Arrears of Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that certain lands in the Municipal District of Bow Island No. 94 will be offered for Sale for Arrears of Taxes and Costs, at the Municipal Office Bow Island, Alberta, on Thursday December 8th, 1921, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, unless the Arrears of taxes and costs be sooner paid.

A printed list of said lands may be obtained on application to the Secretary-Treasurer

Dated at Bow Island, Alberta, the Seventh day of October A.D. 1921

**P. E. DUFFY, Treasurer,
Municipal District of Bow Island No. 94**

N.O.T-I-C-E

"NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Irrigation Act, the undersigned has filed the necessary memorial and plans required by Sections 13 and 15 of the said Act, with the Commissioner of Irrigation, at Calgary, Alta.

The applicant applies for the right to divert effluent water from Lintholm creek at a point on the south-west quarter of section 2, township 12, range 10, West of the 4th, Meridian, for irrigation purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works, as shown by the memorial and plans filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said irrigation purposes, on the following lands, viz: the northwest and southwest quarters of section 2, township 12, range 10, West of the 4th meridian, in the operation in the Capital City of Canada. Cheques may be made payable to "Canadian Blind Babies' Home." All remittances will be promptly acknowledged.

C. Blackett Robinson,
188 Dufferin Road, Ottawa.

BOW ISLAND
The Red Cross Committee meets on Tuesday and Friday at 3.15 o'clock in the rest room

TAX SALE

Sale of lands in the Town of Bow Island for Arrears of Taxes

Notice is hereby given that certain lands in the Town of Bow Island, will be offered for sale for arrears of taxes and costs, on Saturday the tenth day of December A.D. 1921 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of the said day at the Town Hall in the said Town of Bow Island unless the arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid, and that a full list of the said lands to be sold with a statement of the arrears of taxes and costs respectively due thereon, appeared in the issue of the Bow Island Review, a newspaper published in the said Town of Bow Island, which issue is dated the 14th day of October A. D. 1921 or a printed list as aforesaid may be obtained on application to the undersigned

Dated at the Town of Bow Island, in the Province of Alberta this 25th day of October A. D. 1921.

**W. A. Bateman,
Secretary-Treasurer
Town of Bow Island**

To Our Subscribers

All Subscribers to the Review, who know they are owing for their Subscription, will they please send their Remittances in to the Review Office, Bow Island, Alta.

TEA

TEA is good tea

GOOD!
Because Its
Fine Qualities
Are Protected
By the Sealed
Package

Where Railway Revenue Comes From

Certain statements made before the board of arbitration at Ottawa on the "new" disputes between the Canadian National Railways and their employees would appear to have a direct bearing on Canada's outstanding financial problem, namely, how to put an end to the appalling deficits in the operation of the national railway system.

Ever since the deficit on the Canadian National Railways was shown some time ago to amount to a million dollars or more a week, statements, rumors, railway managers, and, last but not least, Canadian taxpayers, have been deeply concerned in striving to find some way of relief from such disastrous losses. While politicians have been striving to find the responsibility for creating conditions leading to these deficits upon political opponents, and while economists have talked blue sky and indubitable happy money, men with constructive minds and not at all concerned with pettiness which is always to be found in politics, have seriously advanced suggestions with an eye single to the good of the railways and the welfare of the Dominion.

Probably the suggestion which has attracted greatest attention and carried most weight with thoughtful people is that only through an increase in population, with consequent increase in production, and therefore in railway traffic, can the true and lasting remedy be found. Remedies effected in operation costs at the expense of efficient service might seem to temporarily reduce the deficit, but such reduction would only be of a temporary character and in the long run would prove to have been pennywise and pound foolish. More traffic, and therefore greater earning power, offers the only permanent solution.

The question then presents itself: How to bring about that increased traffic? In this column we have tried the adoption of a vigorous and well directed immigration policy with a view to bringing about the settlement without further delay of the enormous area of unutilized lands in the West, and the prosecution of such a policy without interruption until the desired result has been achieved.

In this connection it is to be noted that the statements made before the board of arbitration at Ottawa already referred to are highly significant. They have a direct bearing on this question, and especially so to support the arguments already advanced. Addressing the board of arbitration, P. P. Brady, of the Canadian National Railways, declared that the railways would be better off without passenger traffic, and that sleeping cars and observation cars were invariably a source of loss, while A. C. Egan, for the Canadian National, made the statement that all the railway's profits are made during the last five months of the year.

Of course, passenger traffic must be earned for whether it is a paying proposition or not, but if observation cars, which are a luxury and not a necessity, invariably lose money, then they should be reduced to a minimum or discarded altogether. Furthermore, inasmuch as it is only the well-to-do who make use of sleeping cars, rates should be advanced to a figure where such cars would not be operated at a loss, even though they did not produce a profit. Or the rate should be reduced to a figure that would make it possible for the less well-to-do to use them, thus obtaining these cars running across the continent only partly empty. You see, a rate where they would be more profitable than empty cars. The average Canadian taxpayer should be called upon to provide comfort for others which he cannot himself afford to enjoy.

The amount of money it requires to build a sleeping car or an observation car will build several freight cars, and, according to these railway officials, it is freight that produces profits. Again, he it noted, freight profits are piled up when there is a heavy and continuous freight movement, as is the case when the grain is moving. It is not the haulage of the products of the factories that keeps the railways busy during the last five months of the year, but the products of the farms. But if, through immigration and the creation of conditions which will keep the people on the land, the number of cultivated farms in Canada are doubled, or tripled, as is quite possible, not only would the volume of grain traffic be enormously increased during the last five months of the year, with still larger profits to the railways, but these additional millions of people on the farms would create an enormous demand for manufactured goods, fuel, lumber and merchandise of all kinds, which would provide a much heavier freight traffic throughout the other seven months of the year.

What our Canadian railways need more than anything else is more traffic to keep profitably loaded trains rolling over the tens of thousands of miles of rails in this country. In order to create that larger traffic there must be more people in Canada—people who in the first place produce something from the almost illimitable natural resources of this Dominion, and who, in turn, would require to be supplied with those things, manufactured and otherwise, which they themselves produce. The average Canadian taxpayer should be called upon to carry on their work of production.

A national policy to encourage production is the only way to save the National Railways and make them earners of profits instead of producers of deficits.

An Ancient Bow.

The young girl had refused the patronage, who was thirty her age. He was very angry.

"Even cupid," he said, "could do nothing with you. You're like an arrow. Why a hundred Cupids might shoot at you all day long, not one arrow would make any impression on your stone-old heart."

"Not if they used an old bow," retorted the girl.

French Debt Grows.

France's national debt will amount to 320,000,000,000 francs by the end of this year. M. Lacroix, chairman of the Senate finance committee, told that body at its opening session. At present, he said, "the interest amounts to 14,000,000,000 francs and soon it will approach sixteen billion."

The various types of Mayfly only live a short time, from a few hours to a day or so at the most.

Economic.

Hubby—"It that medicine makes you feel worse, why do you take it?" Wifey—"I'm not going to pay \$2 for medicine and then waste it."

The date is as essential an article of diet to the Egyptian as rice is to the Hindu.

It will Prevent Ulcerated Throat.—At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a spoonful of Throat Eucalypti Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

Beds, tables, chairs and stools are shown in Egyptian carvings as far back as 4,000 B.C.

Minard's Liniment used by Veterinarians

W. N. U. 1252

Romance Of The Quest

Thirst for Adventure is at Bottom of Expedition.

Geography, geology, zoology, the study of weather conditions—these are some of the branches of science for which the Quest is seeking new material; and at the bottom of it all is the unquenchable thirst for adventure and for triumph over difficulty which has given our race no rest since a share in the penetration of the earth's secrets. Like each successive expedition to the polar zones, this one represents in its equipment all the experience of past voyages, and all the recent development of technical science that can be turned to the account of the explorers.—London Daily Telegraph.

Sure Protection For You While You Travel

You may find the water bad, some poorly cooked food may excite (tomb), and from a car driver you may give you an auto or pain—a cold from rain. Remember this—any pain that is caused by such things can be quickly relieved by the use of the little bottle of Neervine in hand—always.

Neurotic. "Now look here, Johnson, this man is doing double the work you do." "That's what I've been telling him, sir, but he won't stop."

But it is for Lane Back—A little bit will relieve back pain. The balm will immediately relieve the pain and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. At the instant when the pain comes out and there are anxious grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

Haddock will lay as many as 1,500,000 eggs each in one season.

Minard's Liniment for Gargle in Cows

The origin of Free Masonry, or even its name, cannot be traced with certainty.

A DESIRE TO EAT WHAT YOU WANT

Stomachs Can be Restored to a Normal Condition.

Not to be limited in diet, but to eat whatever the pleasure is the dream of every dyspeptic. No one can honestly promise to restore any stomach to this happy condition, because all people cannot eat the same things with equal satisfactory results. But it is possible in no time up the digestive organs that a pleasing diet may be selected from articles of food that cause no discomfort.

When stomach lacks tone there is no quicker way to restore it than by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. But this reason these pills are especially good in stomach trouble is because of their blood, and in attacks of nervousness, indigestion, and in all cases of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of indigestion is given by Mr. John A. McDonald, Fairport, N.S., who says: "Every sufferer from indigestion has my hearty sympathy. I have made myself a bond slave to it. Eating at all becomes a trial, and as time went on I became a mere skeleton of my former self. I took all sorts of recommended medicines, doctors and advertised, but to no avail. Then a friend said to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got a box and I thought before they were done I could feel a change. Then I got six boxes more, and by the time they were used I was eating my meals with regularity and enjoyment. My general health is now good, and it is no wonder that I am an enthusiastic advocate of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can procure Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or they will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing direct to Dr. J. C. Williams, Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



Millions For Roads In West

Twenty Million Will be Spent on Rural Highways.

At least \$20,000,000 will be spent on highways and market roads in Western Canada during the next five years according to the provincial programme which has now been submitted and approved by the Federal authorities. Manitoba programme provides for the construction of 4,000 miles of roads at an estimated cost of \$5,000,000. The Dominion Government aid providing for subsidies will be \$1,500,000. The estimated cost of the entire programme is \$1,500,000. Of this sum \$1,475,000 will be paid by the Federal Government. This programme is for rural roads and does not include the same which will be spent as civic enterprise. The highway system of the three prairie provinces will be thus linked up.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Goose Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

Centenarian Still Works

More than a century old and still working. This is the record of Charles Quick, who celebrated his 101st birthday recently. Easily the oldest man in Vancouver, if not in all Canada, he is said to be the oldest working man at that age in the entire country. From his little shop at 1519 Pender Street he sends out horse racing saddles to all parts of the civilized world.

Different Methods.

Blaise—"My mamma got a new present yesterday" and she took her arms around papa's neck. What does your mamma do when she gets a nice present?"

Eddie—"She tells daddy she'll forgive him, but he hasn't said she'll forgive him."—Boston Transcript.

Chemistry Class.

Teacher—"Now can any one of you name a fluid that will not freeze?" Little Jimmie raises his hand after a long silence.

Teacher—"That's right, Jimmie: Jimmie—"Boiling water."

Minard's Liniment for Colds, etc.

Blue Eyes And Genius

All U. S. Presidents But One Have Had Blue Eyes.

It is a curious fact that many of the world's greatest men have had blue eyes. Among them being: Socrates, Shakespeare, John Locke, the great mathematician, Lord Bacon, John Milton, Goethe, Benjamin Franklin, Napoleon the Great, the great French historian, Renan, Bismarck, Mr. Gladstone, Professor Huxley, the great English naturalist, and others. It is stated that, singularly enough, all the Presidents of the United States, except General Harrison, have had blue eyes.

A man needn't say count on living until 67, according to statistics.

Trout From Far North

First Shipment Made From Plant at Black Bay.

A new load of trout has reached the town of Melville from the Mackenzie Basin Fisheries plant at Black Bay on Lake Athabasca, and further shipments, it is expected, will be made before the close of navigation on the big river. This is the first shipment of northern lake trout to the markets of Canada and the United States, and demonstrates one of the abundant resources of the prairie provinces which lie beyond the Athabasca.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly removed by using Littlefoot's Corn Remover.

The rheumatoid joints entirely by slitting the narrow muscle and small joints affecting its sense of smell.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Sirs.—I have used your Minard's Liniment for the past 25 years and whilst I have occasionally used other liniments I can safely say that I have never used any to equal yours.

If rubbed between the hands and the face, it frequently, it will never fail to relieve cold in the head in 24 hours. It is also the best for bruises, sprains, etc.

Yours truly,
J. G. Leslie.

Provisional.

He was more religious than education and so not to be greatly concerned for this "testimony" at prayer meeting. "I thank the Lord that I have three wives in heaven."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Blaise—"My mamma got a new present yesterday" and she took her arms around papa's neck. What does your mamma do when she gets a nice present?"

Eddie—"She tells daddy she'll forgive him, but he hasn't said she'll forgive him."—Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment for Colds, etc.

ACHES AND PAINS--SLOAN'S GETS 'EM!

Avoid the misery of aching pain. Have a bottle of Sloan's Liniment handy and apply when you feel the aches or pains. It quickly cures the pain and sends the feeling of the aches or pains. For forty years a pain enemy. Ask for Sloan's Liniment.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's Liniment

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Charge Spanish Officers Have Ill-treated British In Foreign Legion

London.—Great Britain has effected Spain to allow a British representative to proceed to Morocco to make an independent and impartial investigation into allegations of ill-treatment by Spanish officers of British subjects who have enlisted in the Spanish foreign legion.

This announcement was made in the House of Commons by Cecil Harcourt, under secretary for foreign affairs, in answer to a question by Earl Winterston. The latter asked if the Government were aware of the serious allegations made against Spanish military authorities by British subjects, mostly service men, residing in the Spanish provinces of Seville, who claim that conditions of pay and service, promised by Spanish consuls there, have not been carried out.

Earl Winterston asked further if the Government were aware that some of the British who profess to have been ill-treated, robbed and sent to Gibraltar, and that others who actually joined the legion had been killed and beaten by Spanish officers.

A number of Canadian ex-service men are included in the British subjects who enlisted against the Government. One named that sailed from New York during the past summer with recruits for the Spanish foreign legion, carried 23 men who had seen service in the Canadian forces during the war.

Will Protect Uppur Silesia Decision

New German Government Says Settlement Vile Alleg.

Berlin.—The Reichstag voted confidence in the new ministry of Dr. Wirth. The vote was 220 against 132. The majority was made up of Majority Socialists, Independent Socialists, Centre and Democrats.

Chancellor Wirth declared that the new government's viewpoint regarding Upper Silesia differs in no way from that of the preceding government. He declared the German Government would protest against the decision of the council of the League of Nations concerning Upper Silesia on the ground of the inequality of the final Supreme Council having received the question to the League of Nations. This procedure, he said, was not provided for by the treaty of Versailles.

Want To Determine Labrador Boundary

Sir Patrick McGrath Will Search Hudson Bay Records.

Winnipeg.—Sir Patrick McGrath is at present in Winnipeg, having been commissioned by the Canadian Government to search into the records of the Hudson's Bay Company to find, if possible, facts pertaining to the boundary question between Labrador and Newfoundland. This question is so close before the prize court in the nature of a suit between the Dominion of Canada and the Crown Colony of Newfoundland. Sir Patrick has come to Winnipeg, he said, because since it has become the headquarters of the Hudson's Bay Company, it is assumed that records of great importance are filed here.

Dog Killed While Saving Master.
Windsor, Ont.—Breaking his leash, a collie dog owned by Abraham Nolan rushed to the assistance of his master when a handi thief forced him in the yard, and soon forced the man to abandon his attempt at burglary by his failure to overpower Nolan, the would-be robber drew one shot at the dog, killed it instantly. He then escaped.

Curing Gold.
Don't believe the importance of an ordinary cold, or let goldfishes trouble you. Take the trouble to avoid colds, but if you get one anyway fight it as you would fight an impatient black witch, unless quickly extinguished, you will destroy the health of your body, or put yourself in a way of catching someone else's cold.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Art Treasures Destroyed.
Antwerp.—Fire badly damaged the Royal Museum of Fine Arts. Several of the priceless masterpieces in the building were destroyed.

Give your local merchants a chance.
Buy at home.

W. N. U. 1932

Grain Moved By Canadian Lines

Port Arthur, Ont.—During the first 25 days of October the three transcontinental railways, the Canadian Pacific, Canadian National, and Grand Trunk Pacific, handled 41,134 cars of grain from the western wheat fields to Port Arthur and Port William, according to figures obtained from the statistics department of the board of grain commissioners.

Of the total, the Canadian Pacific handled 23,223 cars, the Canadian National 14,933, and the Grand Trunk Pacific 3,413 cars.

Britain's Heavy Tax Causes Hardships

Justice Declares That Observance Cannot Be Expected.

London.—Rather striking pronouncements touching the burden of taxation emanated from Mr. Justice Darling in passing judgment on a letter written by a dealer for an income tax misdemeanour.

"I am perfectly aware," he said, "that the taxation in this country, especially the direct taxation, is regarded as a point that is making it very difficult for a large number to remain honest. It always is a great disadvantage if a law becomes so strict that it is expected to observe it, and it is tolerably certain that if the people continue to be taxed as they now are, weak people and those not of very high character in regard to their country's welfare, will be tempted to rob their country."

Scheme To Help London's Unemployed

Underground Railways Propose To Extend Tube System.

London.—The biggest scheme yet suggested in connection with the government's unemployment policy has been submitted to the government by the Underground Railways Company which proposes to take six million sterling to spend on building and extending the London tubes. It is claimed that in this undertaking employment could be given to 20,000 men for two years. The Underground Railways Company asks the government to guarantee the interest on the loan proposed to be raised and on the company's "reasonable security" against competition for ten years.

Outbreaks In India

Detachment of British Forces Encountered Moplahs in Southern India.

London.—Wentworth's correspondent at Simla sends news of new outbreaks among the natives, and details of a spirited encounter between the police and Moplahs and a detachment of the Dorset Regiment, in which numerous casualties were sustained by the Moplahs.

An official communication from Madras sent a detachment from the Dorset Regiment, supported by Artillery and Armoured Cars, encountered a gathering of Moplah rebels in the jungles to the west of Malappuram on October 25. The rebels refused an order to surrender and offered determined opposition, in which they suffered 216 casualties.

Consider Question Of Eight Hour Day

Labor Conference Meeting in Geneva Will Take Vote.

Geneva.—The International Labor Conference in session here decided by a vote of seventy-four to twenty that it is competent to consider the question of the eight-hour day as it applies to agricultural laborers. It now remains for the conference to decide whether the question which the French delegates desired to have stricken from the agenda, shall be taken up for discussion. A vote on this question will be taken and according to the rules of the conference, a two-thirds vote will be necessary to keep the question on the agenda.

Reward Constable.
Montreal.—Constable Lavallee, who shot and killed Napoleon Cecil, after catching him breaking into a fur store and who was himself wounded, has had his salary raised from \$1,300 to \$1,600 per annum.

Tree Planting Car Was Well Attended

Prairie Farmers Received Valuable Information From Mr. Mitchell.

The Tree Planting Campaign in Western Canada, inaugurated by the Canadian Forestry Association last year, received a material boost through the tour of the Association's Tree Planting Car during the past few months. The car was in charge of Mr. Archibald Mitchell, agent, and during the summer it travelled 8,500 miles. The total distance this year was over 39,000 at 360 lectures, which demonstrates that the prairie farmers are keenly interested in the subject.

For several weeks the car was attached to the Saskatchewan Government "Electric Farming Train" and during this period 32,774 persons visited the car and heard Mr. Mitchell lecture. Scores of farmers brought their tree planting problems to the attention of Mr. Mitchell and they received personal consideration. A special feature of the tour was the assistance rendered municipalities in planning and laying out parks. Plans and detailed instructions for planting were supplied gratis to a number of towns.

Many prairie farmers hitherto believed that to plant a windbreak or a tree around their homes was a costly operation and beyond their means. Mitchell demonstrated that such is not the case and that with the expenditure of a little time and money wonders could be worked if the farmer went about the job in the right way.

Many failures to successfully grow trees in localities where the soil is poor or where moisture is scarce has resulted in no trees being planted. The tree planting campaign aims to show the farmer how to plant, what to plant and when to plant, no matter what the moisture conditions may be. A well laid out windbreak makes a great deal on a farm as a protection for the crops. A few trees about the house make the house a home and bring a measure of contentment not found when there are no trees.

Radium Treatment Stolen

Needles Worth \$10,000 Disappeared From Hamilton Hospital.

Four radium needles, worth not less than \$10,000, have disappeared at the Hamilton City Hospital. The needles were the property of Dr. H. M. Mochel, and Dr. A. M. McDougall, who brought the tube containing the needles to the hospital to be used in an operation.

The needles were inserted in an incision made in the course of an operation. It is said, and were left there during the night to work the beneficial effects of which radium only is known to possess.

The owners returned to reclaim the needles from the wound, but they had disappeared. The nurse and orderly in charge of the patient were questioned by the hospital authorities, and detectives were summoned when the case was discovered, but could give no information to show how the needles had disappeared.

Ontario's Public Lands

Raising of Timber Dues Gives Province Record Receipts.

Toronto.—The province of Ontario will have obtained more money from its public lands in the fiscal year just closed than it ever received in a previous year, the raising of timber dues accounting for most of the increase. When this year's figures are completed, the revenue will almost reach four million dollars, or an increase of nearly 100 per cent. in two years.



WESTERN EDITORS

Hon. C. D. MacPherson, Daily Graphic, Portage la Prairie, Minister Public Works Department, Manitoba Government.

Gulf Storm Caused Million Dollars Damage

Jacksonville, Fla.—The entire waterfront of St. Petersburg was wiped out by the gulf storm, the worst since the city has ever experienced, according to a message received by the Times Union at St. Petersburg.

Port Meyers, Fla.—The forecast sea this section has known in several years never again for thirty-six hours, reaching a maximum velocity of one hundred miles an hour. Transatlantic service was postponed while the property loss for Lee County is expected to total well over a million and a half dollars.

Reports from Rangel and Capita Islands said that water covered the entire islands. Estero Island, near here, on which two beach resorts are located, was badly damaged, the cottages and other buildings being wrecked.

Local railroad officials said this city would be without transportation service for three days. The highways out of Port Meyers are almost impassable, and many houses in Pensacola were either badly damaged or washed away.

Record Grain Shipment

C.P.R. Moved 1,575 Loading Cars in 24 Hours.

Winnipeg, Man.—The Canadian Pacific Railway broke the world's record as far as grain handling is concerned by moving out from Winnipeg 1,575 loaded cars in 24 hours. These cars were handled in 11 trains and contained between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 bushels of grain. If the cars were placed in a continuous line one end to the locomotives attached, they would cover a distance of twelve miles.

Christmas Toys From Germany

Cargo Was Loaded at Antwerp and Rotterdam.

Montreal.—What is slated to be the first cargo of German merchandise of considerable size to reach Canada since the commencement of the war has arrived here on the freighter Voss Kobar, at the wharf of the Port of Montreal. The cargo consists of a quantity of German clocks, watches and glassware. The cargo was loaded at Antwerp and Rotterdam.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Unanimous Vote Cancels Big Railway Strike In United States

Entombed Miners Rescued

Britania Beach, B.C.—Two miners were rescued from a shaft at the 2,500-foot level in the copper mines here, after exactly a week in their living tomb. The men, Francis P. Paterson and L. P. Craig, were working in the narrow shaft when a rockslide closed the mouth of the shaft. A little food, a trickle of water and air from a tiny aperture near the top of the shaft kept the men alive while their work mates saved day and night to remove the obstruction and set them free.

Dr. Paterson is in a hospital and are reported to be doing nicely.

Prince Of Wales Goes To India

Political Unrest In East Causes Anxiety Over Trip.

London.—The Prince of Wales left the Victoria Station at noon today for Portsmouth to embark on the battle cruiser Renown for a tour of India and Japan. A great crowd outside the station gave the Prince's heliograph an enthusiastic send-off, while on the ship, King George, Queen Mary, Princess Mary, Prince Michael of Greece, several members of the British Cabinet, U.S. Ambassador Harvey, Japanese Ambassador Hayashi and other distinguished personages.

Anxiety over the Prince's journey has been caused by the troubled political conditions in India. The possibility of an attack on him is not ruled out but it is feared that the Nationalists led by Mahatma Gandhi, may possibly attempt to carry out their plan to call strikes in each city visited by the Prince.

Should Double Japs' War Construction

U.S. Engineer Suggests Counter-Action If Conference Fails.

San Francisco.—The U.S. should build two warships for every one constructed by Japan if the Washington conference on the limitation of armaments fails of its purpose, John Hay Hammond, internationally known mining engineer, declared here upon his return aboard the liner Golden State after three months in the Orient.

Japan has already an unfavorable trade balance, and the reduction it means the depletion of her gold resources to attempt to keep pace with this country in war construction.

Montreal.—That the Japanese are going to the Washington conference for the purpose of securing a limitation, was the view expressed here by Col. Robert H. McCormick, president of the Chicago Tribune, who is passing through this city on his way back to Chicago from a holiday spent on the lower St. Lawrence.

Strike In South Africa Settled

Skilled Artisans Have Compromised On Wage Difference.

London.—A Reuters dispatch from Cape Town, South Africa, reports the settlement of the strike called on October 7 by the skilled artisans employed by that municipality.

The strike arose out of an announced ten per cent. cut in wages, which, it was claimed by the men, was a violation of the existing agreement. The settlement was on the basis of a compromise, whereby certain of the men who have long service records will be placed on a fixed establishment, with privileges, while the remainder will receive the trade rates without any privileges.

Plan Restoration Of Monarchy

New Cabinet Will Soon Be Formed In Portugal.

Madrid.—Portuguese Royalists are plotting the reestablishment of a monarchy in that country. It is borne in advice from Lisbon. A decision relative to the Royalist plot has been sent to the foreign minister in Lisbon by the Portuguese consul at Tuy, Spain.

Complete calm reigns over Portugal, and it is reported a new cabinet composed entirely of members of the Republican Guard will be formed soon. Newspapers here speak with reservations, reports that the president of the Portuguese republic will resign shortly because of ill-health.

Chicago.—The railway strike, scheduled for October 30, was averted when leaders of the switchmen, trainmen, conductors, engineers and firemen at a joint meeting adopted resolutions withdrawing authorization of a railroad strike.

The vote calling off the strike was unanimous by organizations, W. G. Lewis, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced. The official wording of the resolution adopted was that the strike be declared not effective.

The vote in the individual unions was usually close, however, the firemen particularly holding lengthy arguments before agreeing to cancellation of the strike order, the latter officials said. It was reported that the groups the ballot was described as "the closest in history on a similar question."

All of the differences were "ironed out" by the firemen, however, and the final show-down found them all casting their votes for the "no strike" ballot.

I. E. Sheppard, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, said that the administration had notified him of the strike because of the "fearful" public opinion that the strike would be against the labor board, and consequently the government, and not against the railroads.

"It was evident also that the Washington conference was in session, and that we have had little chance of gaining our objective," said Mr. Sheppard.

"I am glad this strike to gain recognition for our men were settled," Mr. Sheppard told the Associated Press.

"It soon became evident, however, that the roads were succeeding in their endeavor to out-act in each city visited by the Prince."

"This railroad propaganda found its way to the United States labor board. This government agency told us that it would look on a strike as a violation of the law, and that we must not strike the roads, and that the full force of the government would be brought to bear against it if we went out. Under such circumstances there was nothing to do but announce for the October 30 walk-out."

New Regulations For Toronto Police

Cannot Attend Parties of Amusement Without Permission.

Toronto.—New regulations for the police of the city, which have just been issued, forbid constables from attending a theatre, race track, or other place of amusement while on duty without obtaining leave to do so.

"Constables neglecting to avail themselves of the time at their disposal for rest and sleep and spending a large portion of their time in walking streets," the regulations state, "will be reported to the chief constable."

A policeman entering a public house or liquor shop, except on duty, is liable to dismissal. The new regulations state that a policeman may be dismissed without any reason for such dismissal being assigned.

Robbers Put Victim Into Refrigerator

Butcher in Montreal Almost Frozen When Rescued.

Montreal.—While Alone Laboussiere, butcher, Mount Royal Avenue, was talking on the telephone in his store, two bandits entered and ordered him to throw up his hands at the point of a revolver. They then threw him into the refrigerator. He was rescued almost frozen to death some hours later.

Quake Alarms Italy

Milan.—Earthquake shocks were felt in the cities of Mass and Carrara on the Tuscan coast of Italy. Considerable damage was done and the frightened people of both cities camped during the night in the open fields. Dispatches from Florence state that a cyclone has ravaged that city.

Refuse Mediation

Paris.—Premier Briand refused to entertain proposals from Premier Greville and Foreign Minister Ruzariz, of Greece, seeking the possibility of mediation between Greece and Turkey. It is asserted by newspapers here.

Hugh M. Shaw choice of Conservatives, is Standard-Bearer in the Macleod Riding

Convention is largely attended

MACLEOD, Oct. 20.—At a largely attended convention of the National Liberal Conservative party held in the town hall auditorium, Hugh M. Shaw, of Nanaimo, past sitting member of the constituency, was chosen as the government standard bearer in the federal election. "Honest" John Heron of Pincher Creek, his hair now white, but his allegiances to the old party none the less vigorous was run-up, J. B. Allison of Claresholm was also a candidate, but eliminated on the first ballot. John Kemmis, ex-M.P.P., was proposed, but gracefully declined.

Interest in the convention was intensified by the appearance on the platform of the Hon. R.B. Bennett, now minister of justice, who received a prolonged ovation on entering the convention hall.

Speaking to the assembled delegates towards the close of the afternoon session, Mr. Bennett expressed happy surprise at the large attendance especially of women. The glory of Canada and the British Empire was painted as only the silver-tongued minister can paint them and a fervent appeal was made that there be no departure from "the faith of our fathers."

Dr. J. ZIMMERMAN

DENTAL SURGEON

Specializing in

Crown, Bridge and Plate Work

Office: Taber Drug Building

Taber, Alta.

Appointments arranged

between trains

Red Poppy Day

(Continued From Front Page)

parade and remembering Canada will buy and wear a Red Poppy, and the double purpose of honoring our fallen and at the same time relieve distress among the destitute women and children of France and Belgium, will be served.

Any who desire wreaths or crosses of Red Poppies for commemorative purposes can order same through A.E. Anderson Secretary of the G.W.V.A. Single Red Poppies large and small will be sold on Armistice Day. Let everyone wear the Red Poppy this year.

In Flanders Fields were Poppies then. Between the crosses, row on row, which mark our place.

And in the sky the larks still heavily singing lie.

Scarce heard amid the guns below.

We are the dead, short days ago.

Who lay down, just sunset glow.

Loved and we loved him, now we lie.

In Flanders Fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe.

To you from falling hands we throw the torch.

Be ye true to the dead who lie.

Be ye true to the faith who lie.

We shall not sleep, the Poppies grow.

In Flanders Fields.

Grassy Lake

Mrs. A. Jackson took her three little boys to the Medicine Hat Hospital last Monday to have some minor operations performed.

Mr. and Mrs. C.F. Johnson are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine baby girl, another and baby are doing fine.

Mr. R. Jasson, of Calgary, is visiting her parents south of town.

Arnold Wason and Walter Fier returned this week from Blackfald, Alta. where they have been working with the National Elevator Company.

Pete and Alf Peterson have returned from Saskatchewan where they have been harvesting.

Mr. J.H. Watson has left with two carloads of furniture and merchandise for his new location in Bentley, Alta.

Mr. Jim Turnbull and family moved into town for the winter from the farm to give his children the advantage of being near our school.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Table and family have also moved into town for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bishop have gone to work on the Grifflin farm south of town.

Mrs. Jennie James from Lethbridge spent the week end with her parents.

Mrs. McNabb and Miss Bennett, accompanied by Jack and Donald McNabb, motor to Taber last Wednesday to see her picture show "Before the White Man came."

Quite a number of our young people went last Wednesday by train to Taber to see the Indian picture at the Rex theatre.

Mrs. J. H. Watson and Rebecca had a great send-off at the station last Tuesday. The children from our school had a short recess to enable them to say goodbye to Mrs. Watson and little daughter who are leaving to join her husband at Bentley, Alta. They will visit friends for a few days at Lethbridge, Cochrane and Calgary.

Mr. Jack McNabb has opened the store lately vacated by Mr. Watson and will run a general store. We are sure he will receive a generous share of the trade.

The delegates to the convention last week have all returned, and report great doings.

Mr. Lennox, of the Indian Head Forestry Department was in this vicinity recently looking over tree plantations. He was very pleased with the way the trees are progressing on the L.M. Webb farm, south of town who is getting a beautiful grove.

Bow Island

Mr. M. E. Finn the Labor Candidate for the Lethbridge constituency had a splendid meeting in the G.W.V.A. Hall here in Bow Island last Monday and there was not one dissenting voice against him.

Mr. Finn who is a sincere and capable man gave a very forcible and clear statement as to the platform and aims of the Great Labor Party which is to help in the bettering of conditions of all mankind.

It could be clearly seen that Mr. Finn has made many new and ardent friends here who will

Vote for Finn on Election Day December 10

The work of building the Curling and Skating Rink, is proceeding fast, under the very able management and help of some of our most prominent citizens, the Curling Rink when finished will measure 14 x 28 ft. and the open Rink will be 120 x 60 ft. Both lots of space for many enjoyable games, and much healthy exercise for many people in Bow Island.

Mr. Boehnke of Burdett was a business visitor to Bow Island last Monday.

Mrs. E.M. Johnson and son of Burdett, were visitors to Bow Island last Sunday.

Mrs. Pippard and daughter Mary of Malton were Bow Island visitors last Sunday.

Mr. W. Foster was a visitor to town last Sunday.

Mrs. L.M. Cullen and children were visitors to Lethbridge last week end.

NOTICE

C.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Pres. L.D. James Pres. Mrs. L.D. James Sec. G. Monds. Sec. Mrs. G. Calder

Will meet on Saturday

November 5th.

Mr. Miato Holmes, Miss Irene Smith and Miss Ruby Westlake, all of Medicine Hat spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. A.E. Browning here.

Services were held last Sunday in All Saints Church, both morning and evening services and the Sunday School were well attended, and had hearty services, we noticed several, who had come from long distances, to enjoy these services.

BAPTISTS—The following children were baptised last Sunday afternoon at two o'clock by the Rev. F.R.B. Leach: Dolly Levina, Edna May John, Ernest, these are all children of Mr. and Mrs. A.E. Browning.

A Whist Drive and Dance will be held in the G.W.V.A. Club on Friday, November 11th, under the joint auspices of the G.W.V.A. and Ladies Auxiliary. See Posters for particulars.

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Halloween Festivities

Halloween was celebrated in many homes in a very joyful manner, and owing to the extra police protection given by Public spirited business men of the town, all infractions of the Law were prevented, and the night in the streets passed without any serious damage being done, for which the citizens of Bow Island are to be heartily congratulated.

Those who had the pleasure of being present on Monday evening in St. Michaels Hall enjoyed the real treat the lunch that was served both in quantity and quality was a rare feast.

Mr. M. E. Finn—Dominion Labor Candidate for this constituency, who appeared in towards the close of the entertainment gave a short address and efficiently presided over the Drawing for the Prizes. The prize for the evening card playing was won by Mrs. Ed. Lalonde of Burdett, being a valuable silver-mounted salt and pepper set, the consolation prize fell to the lot of Mrs. Pailier of Grassy Lake, the winners of the real prize 1st. Prize \$25.00 was won by Mrs. Dowling of Midnapore, Calgary, 2nd. Prize \$15.00 Mr. J. James of Grassy Lake.

2nd. Prize \$10.00 was won by Mrs. Peter Hart of Bow Island, 3rd. Prize \$5.00 was won by Mr. J. Lotian, of Ottawa.

The winners of the prizes for the ticket selling contest were: 1st. Prize \$20.00, tickets sold 375. Miss Rose Lavell.

2nd. Prize \$15.00, tickets sold 170. Mrs. Ed. Lalonde of Burdett, 3rd. Prize \$10.00, tickets sold 140. Miss F. McNeill, Calgary.

4th. Prize \$5.00, tickets sold 125. Mrs. John McCutcheon Rochester, N.Y.

On Wednesday evening by the kind invitation of the recently organized C.G.T.T. the Tuxis Boys spent an enjoyable evening, games and humorous frivolities being indulged in to good advantage by all present.

The passage was tastefully decorated in real "Halloween" style by the girls and Mrs. Hocken, whilst the weird form of a white mantled figure was at the door to meet the guests, making graceful bows and sweet greetings.

The Tuxis Boys take this opportunity of heartily thanking the C.G.T.T. for the very pleasant time they received at their house, and also thank the Rev. and Mrs. Hocken for kindly showing by the use of the passage.

A very enjoyable Halloween Party was held at the home of Mrs. and Mr. J. H. Martin when a number of young folk met with all the little Martins, and Keys and had a grand time. All partook of a lovely lunch before departing for home, thoroughly tired with fun and excitement.

The Hard Times Dance given in the LODGE Hall on Friday Oct. 26th, by the Golden Link Lodge, at which the teachers in attendance at the Institute were invited guests, was a great success. There was a good crowd present and excellent music was provided by Messrs. S.Y. Hurst, C. Bauman and B. Bauman.

The hall was decorated for the occasion with black cats, witches and other Halloween decorations.

Mrs. A. J. Jasson sang several choice selections which were highly appreciated, several other ladies also took part in the pleasing program.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lomas were visitors to Bow Island last Tuesday.

Mr. M. Gibbons of Malton was a visitor to town yesterday, Thursday, to meet his sister who has been visiting at Lethbridge for a short time, and will visit at Malton before she returns to her own home in Nova Scotia.

Mrs. W. Hare of Malton was a visitor to Bow Island yesterday, Thursday.

Margaret Allen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Allen, had her right arm badly twisted yesterday, Thursday, while at school, three weeks.

BAZAAR

All Saints Ladies Aid will hold on the afternoon of December 10th, Bazaar (mostly Christmas Articles) Home-made Candy - Attention To Everyone Welcome

The Weather

October and November 1921

Friday 28th. Stormy, high winds. Saturday 29th. Dull, high winds. Sunday 30th. Sunny and clear. Monday 31st. Clear.

November Tuesday 1st. Sunny. Wednesday 2nd. Cloudy and windy. Thursday 3rd. Cloudy and Dull.

Standing of Pupils

for the Month of October 1921 in the Bow Island Schools

The Pupils' names are printed in order of merit

PRIMARY ROOM
Miss H. Heric, Teacher
Ethel Emerson, Henry Krich,
The following 2 stand equal: Ruby Fisher, Roy Walsh.

Gravoy Carlson, Sven Carlson, Raymond Ewing, George Chandler, Saddle Lake, Ronald Allen.

The following stand equal: Margaret Anderson, Ethel Davidson, Lorna Grund, Eva Hilsendorp, Clara Hagan.

The following 3 stand equal: John Schoenert, Adelia Fisher, Ethel Hall.

The following 2 stand equal: Dorothy Thompson; Mary Tunstall.

The following 2 stand equal: Earl Allen, Nicholas Brown.

The following 4 stand equal: Timmie Allen, Mildred Carlson, Margaret Hanna, George Ream, Earl West, Joe Thacker.

The following 2 stand equal: Louis Titch, Tony Rising.

Irene Smith, Bertha Hanna, Gordon Fern.

The following 3 stand equal: Alvin Taylor, Mary Hensley, Lena MacDonald.

The following 2 stand equal: Tom Geo. Neill.

GRADE I
Miss H. Duffy, teacher
Francis Fisher, Earline Downing, Carl Carlson, Curtis Ross, Roland Martin, Mary Burnham, Adam Rising, Ethel Ingolsby, Ralph West, Claire Hoaglin.

GRADE II
Laurence Roll, Willie Hensley, Nancy Calder, Adolph Anderson, Daniel McChouin, Margaret Hagan, Walter McKennie, Arby Fisher, Lillian Dempster, James McDonald.

GRADE III
Margaret Duffy, Edna Keyes, and Germain Sebille, Katherine Hart, Dolly Browning, Wallace Downing.

GRADE IV
Mr. Finn the Labor Candidate was in town last Tuesday and presented Letter Views to the Voters, in the Melville Theatre which was packed to the doors and dozens had to stand, Hurrah for Finn. We'll vote for you.

A very large crowd attended the Halloween Dance, the evening of October 31st. The neighbouring towns including Taber, Grassy Lake, Bow Island and Foremost were well represented and the sentiments expressed by the school were the best dance, held in Burdett in many moons. The Rygg Orchestra furnished the music and a fine lunch was served, fortune tellers did a good trade.

Great interest is evidenced in the case of Hald vs. Schultz, which was heard before Magistrate Barker last Tuesday evening, it occupied considerable time as there a multitude of witnesses for each side.

The result was Schultz was remanded for trial at Lethbridge.

Last Thursday evening Mr. Jellie the Farmers Candidate addressed the voters of this district.

Mr. Harry Pland of Taber is here today Tuesday in the interest of the Labor Candidate, Mr. Finn.

Vote for Finn—he is a good fellow.

The trial Hald vs. Schultz set for Friday was postponed till last Tuesday Nov. 1st.

Mr. Harrison of the Lible Adjusting Agency, Calgary, called here, was the day in connection with business for his firm.

Mr. Ross Strong who has been with Doc Peely through threshing is now home again.

Mr. M. O'Neill of Winifred was a business visitor last Tuesday.

Our enterprising local J.P. George Lomas is further improving his property by erecting a fine auto garage.

Roy Lindvall was a business visitor to town last Tuesday.

Burdett Church Notices
The United Church, Burdett
Pastor Rev. Percy Johnson
Sunday School & Bible Class at 11 a.m.
Evening Service 7:30 p.m.
A cordial invitation is extended, and a hearty welcome is awaiting you all.

L.D.S. CHURCH
Job Llewellyn, Bishop
Sunday School every Sunday at 10 a.m.
Sacrament Service 2 p.m.
Agnes Improvement 7:30 p.m.
Relief Society Tuesday 2 p.m.
Primary Saturday 2 p.m.
Choir Practice Thursday 8 p.m.

TO RENT

A two room Shack with gas laid on, barn, chicken house, on two lots, fenced.

Apply Review Office

Bow Island

Wanted to Rent a Farm

I would like to rent a farm, must be a good farm with improvements and water.

Write to P.J. Degenstein

Box 111—Foremost, Alta.

TAX SALE

"Sale of Lands in the Municipal District of Forty Mile No. 64 for arrears of Taxes"

Notice is hereby given that certain lands in the Municipal District of Forty Mile No. 64 will be offered for Sale for arrears of taxes and costs at Westfield School, north of Section 9, Township 8, Range 11 West 4th Mer. on Saturday 3rd day of December 1921 at 10 a.m. unless the Taxes and Costs be sooner paid. A printed list of the said lands may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Dated at Malton, this 10th, day of October, 1921

T.A. Reynar

Treasurer

[illegible]

No Better Land Under the Sun Says Highlander.

The Highlander abroad is not at all
ways keen to return to the lone
island of the island. Here
are some extracts from Lord Lewis
the island's island kingdom of Lewis.
The writer has evidently some difficulty
in getting the English language
English: "If you could see the crop
that is in Manitoba you would say
that you never saw a crop before.
You would say that it was a
thing you had a bad account of the place
we came to, but you can tell him that
it is not so. There is not a better
land under the sun than this
here. We got a very good land. I
got a splendid fox and a good cow
and a good horse and a good
of everything. We can get the new
potatoes already, but we had the old
potatoes. You was wanting me to
get a good fire and a good
firewood and water. No: nothing
of the two. We have very good
fire, nearly as good as the water
that is in the water. We have
Parents, would wish you all out
here if you can get out.—I am, yours
truly,
Herald

Twin Brothers Finish Half Century on Kansas Paper

Two brothers have spent more than a half century on one newspaper. Walter Withers, sixty-two years of age, is sturdy and active as superintendent of the mailing room of the Kansas City Journal. His twin brother, Frank, just completing his fifty-fourth year of service, is his assistant. Fifty-three years ago Walter Withers was a newsboy, when the Journal had but 500 circulation and Kansas City was a small town. Frank A. Marshall, editorial writer of the Journal, said: "There is no one connected with the Journal who grew here with Walter and Frank Withers entered upon their long period of service."

The present site of the Journal Building was an apple orchard when Walter began his career.

Of Counting

Indians of Gulanu Count By Hand and Four Fingers.

The Indians of Gulanu have a curious system of counting. They count by the hand and its four fingers. Thus, when they reach five instead of saying so, they call it a "hand." Six is therefore a "hand and first finger," seven a "hand and second finger." Ten is "two hands," but twenty instead of being "four hands," is a "man." Forty is "two men," and thus they go on by twenties. Forty-six is expressed as "two men, a hand and first finger

Not Walk Upright

Surgeon Says It Is Cause of Many Afflictions.

According to Dr. H. Gerris, a well-known Brighton surgeon, the prevalence of verticous yelms and many other human afflictions is the result of man walking upright instead of going on all fours, as it was originally intended he should. The doctor says further, "I imagine we shall reach the stage when we shall become mere stationary beings, conveyed wherever we wish to go by mechanical means." This will be the lary era.

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According to Dr. H. Gervis, a well-known Brighton surgeon, the prevalence of varicose veins and many other human afflictions is the result of man walking upright instead of going on all fours, as it was originally intended he should. The doctor says further, "I imagine we shall reach the stage when we shall become mere stationary beings, conveyed wherever we wish to go by mechanical means." This will be the lazy era.

A recent examination in the public schools brought forth the following answers:

What is an impulse?
An impulse is what the doctor takes hold of to see if you are sick.

Name the vowels.
Vowels ain't got no names. They are under the stumblin'.

What are the duties of a citizen?
The duties of a good citizen is not to spit on the sidewalk and to hold his banana peels till he meets an ash can.

Name the races of mankind.
Bicycle race, horse race, potato race, automobile race, and other kinds.

What was Nero?
Nero was a Roman Emperor. A song has been written about him called

Spaniards Imitate Those Who Live.

The Spaniards have a saying that a wife should resemble three things, and yet differ from these same things. First, she should be like a small, which always guards its house, but she should not carry the house with her whenever she goes out. Second, she should be like an echo, which speaks only after the other is finished, but she should not always have the last word. And last, she should be like the town clock, which always sounds the hours with regularity, but she should not sound so loud that the whole town shall hear it.

Hydro-electric possibilities are being developed at a rapid rate in Italy. Energy for industrial purposes, while absorbed as quickly as it is produced, is extremely cheap, and in a few years it will be abundant and the whole country will be interlaced with transmission lines.

English Tax on Amusements.
"For heating your wife I will fine you £1 ls.," said the judge.
"I don't know that I object to the pound, judge," said the prisoner, "but what is the shilling for?"
"That," said the judge, "is the tax on amusements."

Geo. Langley Will Be Gr
Missed.

by the resignation of Hon. G. Langley from the Government. The Saskatchewan Legislature has passed a bill to provide for the life insurance of the children of the late George Langley. The bill provides that the children of the late George Langley shall be entitled to a life insurance of \$10,000. The bill also provides that the children of the late George Langley shall be entitled to a life insurance of \$10,000. The bill also provides that the children of the late George Langley shall be entitled to a life insurance of \$10,000.

Hindson Taking Chances Using plane to Reach Pole.

munds, it is reported, will airplane in an effort to reach the Pole. Twenty years ago, Dr. Strindberg and a companion, and a companion, went to make the voyage in a small boat, and started from Spitzbergen. The voyage was never to be heard of. The Polar region reached by Peary, who was the first to reach the Pole, was reached by airplane can be steered, while a boat could only drift. It will be a very short trip, however, though the distance will be shorter than the crossing of the Atlantic, which has been the longest. To come down from the frozen Polar Sea would be dangerous than to drop into the ocean. Montreal Gazette.

entine State Railways Gave
to American Firm.

representatives of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., the Pullman Car Co., a subsidiary of the Pullman Standard Steel Car Co., have a joint contract with Argentine for the delivery of 100 railcars for use on the new line. The contract calls for the delivery of 100 railcars for use on the new line. The contract calls for the delivery of 100 railcars for use on the new line. The contract calls for the delivery of 100 railcars for use on the new line.

hazards that are known are a threat to safety.

A black and white photograph of a skunk standing in a field of tall grass or brush. The skunk is facing left, with its body angled slightly towards the viewer. It has a dark body with a prominent white stripe running down its back and another white stripe on its side. The background is a dense field of tall grass or brush, and the ground appears to be covered in low-lying vegetation.

The advantages of the artificial raising of the fox, beaver and muskrat, specifically, have been often pointed out, and here it is proposed to devote a few words to that much abused animal, the skunk. The fact that the animal is to be found in practically every part of the American continent, and that the pelts has sold as high as ten dollars a skin, has caused the attraction of fur farmers; and induce a study into the feasibility and advantages of the industry.

Many years ago Ernest Thompson (1869-1940), a well-known naturalist and to the Madhava Group, advocated a more extensive use of slunk ranching. He himself operated a most successful ranch of this kind. Because, largely through his efforts, slunk ranching and its method of defense, slunk farming has never been fully established in Canada as an industry although it has been tried in several states are obviously so great. Success on other parts of the American continent has been so great that it has demonstrated the feasibility of establishing the industry fairly and profitably in this country.

Slunk ranching may be performed in many different ways. The old and all possibility of future assistance may be eliminated, but the slunk rancher must be necessary contrary to general belief as the animals become remarkably tame and are easily handled, killing them and never being into place the powerful weapon nature has given them except when badly frightened.

Slunk ranching could be successfully carried on in practically every section of the United States, and is indigenous to every part and would find its natural conditions where it is most profitable.

The skunk is widely known over the Canadian Dominion in every corner and nook where it can find food suited to its needs, and notwithstanding the fact that it is persistently hunted, trapped and worried by dogs, it continues to thrive and multiply in close proximity to settlements. The animal is neither timid nor vicious and is practically omnivorous, devouring

Tiny Objects Have Two Hundred and Sixty Threads

The smallest screws that are made are those that are turned out in a watch factory—are cut from steel wire by machine. As the chips fall from the lathe, the operator catches them, simply cutting up the shavings for himself. No screws can be seen, yet a screw is made at every third operation. The smallest of the screws is made to fit a needle, to be linked every mile to the next, to make a pile of them as high as the Empire State building. The smallest is only a good microscope, however, you can see that each tiny object is a screw with no less than two hundred and thirty threads. Those tiny screws are made from wire that is only one-tenth of an inch in diameter, and the heads are twice as large. An ordinary thimble would hold a thousand of them. About a million are made in a month. No one has been able to count them.

To determine the number of a hundred of them are placed on a very delicate balance and weighed, and then the weight of the whole divided by the weight of one and shows how many hundreds there are. The number of all the small parts of a watch is ascertained in that way.

As Birds Decrease

Harmful Pests.

The third of the numbers of the Canadian wild fowl is responsible for the ever-increasing pest, is suggested by N. Gilmore, provincial game guardian, writing in *the Canadian Game Guardian*, guardian for the fiscal year 1929-1930:

"The first fact I wish to refer to is the unquestioned serious increase in insect pests of the province. I know nothing of insect pests—other than mosquitoes, trying enough to temper, but taking no note of the pest of the farmer, the locust, which has been known to have been in the province for many years. The old-time farmers are asking 'WHEAT' as pest after pest makes its appearance. The fact is, however, the numbers so small and causing so much damage as not to attract attention."

"The other fact I wish to establish is the fact that the numbers of the decrease in the numbers of our wild birds. It should be borne in mind that the majority of our wild birds are

know nothing of international boundaries and tariffs, rates of exchange

that if migratory birds are less numerous in the United States than formerly

Schoolboys Found Name of "Bird"
Hard to Resist.

One of our great public schools says the London Morning Post, had a headmaster whose name was Bird, attempting a target was hard for the boys to resist. Once on coming to the classroom the master found the class gazing with such profound gravity either at their desks or at the ceiling that he looked round for symptoms of trouble. Sure enough, on the blackboard was written the quotation—
Hail to thee, blithe spirit—
Bird thou never wert.
"Who wrote that?" the master

ent, and then a small, thin, studio-looking boy, in spectacles rose and

Count Zaccaria, who has been patriated with his family from Siberia and who has arrived in Rome from Naples, testified before the chief police that he has absolute evidence that the Czar and Czarina of Russia escaped from the hired Bolshevik assassins and fled to Japan, where they are now living under the protection of the Mikado.

Count Zaccaria maintains his contentions are true, despite the graphic descriptions that have been given of the execution of the Imperial family.

Mrs. Pankhurst Likes B.C.
"British Columbia is just like England—with the sunshine added," said Mrs. Pankhurst, who arrived in Toronto from the west with the news that she intends to become a Canadian and has settled down in Vancouver, the charm of which, she says, has caught her.

In view of the inflow of foreign immigrants to Canada from Europe during the fiscal year 1920-1921, which amounted to 26,153, it is of interest to note the origin and destination of those who have already settled in this country during the past decade. These new colonists are mainly agriculturists, and on landing in Canada proceed to various districts throughout the country where their friends or relatives are already located.

The number of European foreign-born in Canada in 1911 was given by the Canada Year Book as 464,541, or 5.62 per cent. of the entire population. It is interesting to know that at the time this census was taken the number of foreign-born Europeans in Canada exceeded the number of American born in this country by 161,261, or 1.41 per cent. of the entire population of Canada.

Since these figures were compiled, European immigration, owing to the war, has dwindled to practically nothing and as a result the number of Americans who emigrated to this country since then have so swelled the ranks of their compatriots at ready hand, that the present census will undoubtedly show a much larger number of American than European foreign-born in Canada.

At the last Dominion census, 393,326 persons gave their nationality as Germans; 129,103, Austro-Hungarians; 107,535, Scandinavians; 75,861 Jewish; 54,986 Dutch; Italian, 45,411; Austrian, 42,535; Russian, 43,142; Polish, 33,365; Galician, 35,758; Ruthenian, 29,845; while smaller numbers came from the countries bordering on the Mediterranean Sea.

Taking them in order of importance we find that the Germans, as a rule, gravitate towards Northern Ontario and the Western Provinces. They keep to themselves very much and have established many fine and well-to-do communities. In Saskatchewan and Manitoba many prosperous farming centres have been established by Germans. Around the towns of Morden, Winkler, Glenora in Manitoba, and Kalser and Vonda in Saskatchewan, large colonies of German farmers have been founded. Austrians and Hungarians, whose mode of life is very similar to the Germans, frequently settle near the German colonies. A large number of both Austrians and Germans work in the coal mines of Southern Alberta and the gold and silver mines of British Columbia.

The Scandinavians, who are probably the best foreign immigrant we have in the province, are a very thriving community centres throughout the Prairie Provinces, more particularly in Central Alberta. They are a strong, industrious and clean-living people. They cultivate their farms intelligently, in very advanced style, and are engaged in stock raising for mixed farming. The schools are the most modern and up-to-date of their kind in the province, and often after leaving these schools many of the students attend the provincial and university, a diversity of courses is offered them.

The Jews are inclined more to a life than farming and very few, if any, go on the land, although there are one or two colonies in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Manitoba which have had an existence for several years and from recent reports are very successful.

The Ukrainians, Galicians, Poles, Doukboirs, Russians and Dutch are great agricultural people, and it is not surprising to find large numbers of them on farms in the Western Provinces of Canada. Like the Germans and Scandinavians, they form into little colonies, having their own church, language and schools. Though not as progressive as the Scandinavians they make splendid citizens and as farmers cannot be excelled. At Winnipeg, Manitoba, these people publish papers written in their native languages.

The Italian, like the Jew, tends to be a city dweller. He is not a farmer. He works the city wards day life, but quite frequently he operates small farms outside large cities, on which they grow vegetables and other garden truck to be related to the city. He is not a farmer. He is an agricultural colony at Venice, Lake La Hiche, Northern Alberta.

During the war many of these foreign-born immigrants from Europe came to Canada. A large number of them were reservists in the Allied armies. Those at home bought Victory Bonds, and subscribed to the Red Cross as well as to various other patriotic organizations. They had an increased acreage in grain crops in order to relieve the food situation and in many other ways displayed their good citizenship. Many of the prominent ones were from Italy, Austria, Hungary and Turkey, and were barred from Canada and it will be some years before the ban is lifted.

